# FINANCIAL ISSUES FOR MANAGERS

KEVIN B. STOUFFER, CPA MEMBER OF THE FIRM

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#### **KEVIN B. STOUFFER, CPA**

- Member of the Firm
- Joined SEK in 2004
- 19 years of experience
- Graduated from Shippensburg University cum laude with a Bachelor's Degree in Business Administration
- Specializes in governmental audits and currently serves as Member-in-Charge of approximately 50 local government audits, including six Conservation Districts

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- Cash Basis
  - Record revenues when received
  - Record expenditures when paid
  - No recording of accounts receivable or accounts payable
- Advantages
  - Closely reflects the cash position
  - Bookkeeping is easier
- Disadvantage
  - Financial results in any given period may be distorted



- Accrual Basis
  - Record revenues when earned, regardless of when received
    - Offset is recording accounts receivable for amounts earned, but not yet received
  - Record expenditures when incurred, regardless of when paid
    - Offset is recording accounts payable for amounts incurred, but not yet paid
- Advantage
  - More accurate representation of finances
- Disadvantage
  - Additional bookkeeping



- Accrual Basis Internal Reporting
  - Recording Accounts Receivable all amounts owed, but not yet received as of year-end
  - Recording of Prepaid Expenses all amounts paid in advance of year-end, but for the next fiscal year (insurance is a common example)
  - Recording Accounts Payable all amounts incurred, but not yet paid as of year-end
  - Recording of Accrued Payroll all amounts of payroll incurred before year-end, but not yet paid as of year-end



- Accrual Basis External Reporting
  - Recording Capital Assets historical cost of capital assets is included in the financial statements and depreciated over time
    - Typically an appraisal company would need to perform an inventory to create a listing of all capital assets, if a listing with costs is not already maintained
  - Recording of Long-Term Debt loans/borrowings balances are included in the financial statements
    - Includes Leases
  - Recording of Compensated Absences amounts of accrued pay (vacation and/or sick that will be paid upon termination) included in the financial statements



- Cash vs. Accrual Basis
  - If a Component Unit of the County, may not have a choice
    Accrual
  - If a stand-alone entity (not a component unit), may have the choice between cash vs. accrual
  - Cash Basis Financial Statements cheaper to audit



### **YEAR-END**

#### Fiscal vs. Calendar Year-End

- Fiscal Year-End (any date other than 12/31)
  - State budgets on 6/30 year-end and most grants also fall in this category
  - Makes the budget process easier
  - Creates a timing difference in year of transition (6 month or 18 month statements)
  - o Payroll reporting to IRS will still need to be on calendar year-end
- Calendar Year-End
  - Consistent with past practices
  - Aligns with IRS payroll reporting
  - Can have grants that span multiple years based on State year-end





- Step 1: Identify <u>all</u> programs by:
  - Discussion between District Manager, staff, and accountant
  - Review previous year records
  - Review current year receipts
  - Review current year expenditures



- Step 2: Establish a System to Track Expenditures
  - Separate tracking for each program
    - Examples include:
      - Excel spreadsheet
      - QuickBooks classes
      - Staff timesheets
  - Ensure that the same expenditure is not captured by multiple grants
    - OK to split apart, but cannot double-dip



- Step 3: Prepare Quarterly Reports
  - Reports should be prepared based on tracking
  - Support maintained
  - Reviewed by someone other than the preparer
- Tip: Carefully review the report requirements:
  - Certain grants are based on what was spent
  - Certain grants are based on what was incurred (accrued)
    - Payroll work may be completed in one quarter, but not paid until the next



- Step 4: Recording of Transactions
  - As reports are submitted, these should be tracked
    - Track of amounts owed to the District
  - Cash Basis
    - Record revenue as grants are received, regardless of what is owed
  - Accrual Basis
    - Record revenue for amounts owed
      - Typically done at year-end, but can be done throughout the year



- Different Types of Grants
  - Working Capital provided in advance
  - Reimbursement Basis provided after expenditures are incurred
- Expenditures should be based on when incurred
  - Includes ACAP grant (once approved by the District)
- o Revenues will still follow same principles as before
- Working Capital grants may have a liability for Unearned Revenue (accrual basis)
  - Example Receive grant up-front and do not spend any





# INTERNAL CONTROLS AND SEGREGATION OF DUTIES CONSIDERATIONS

According to COSO (Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission), internal control is a process, effected by an entity's board of directors, management and other personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of specified objectives.

- Effectiveness and efficiency of operations
- Ensure reliable financial reporting
- Comply with laws and regulations



#### Key concepts:

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Internal control is a *process*. It is a means to an end, not an end in itself

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Internal control is effected by people, not just policy manuals and forms



Internal control can be expected to provide only *reasonable assurance*, not absolute assurance

# 3 types of internal controls:

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Preventive

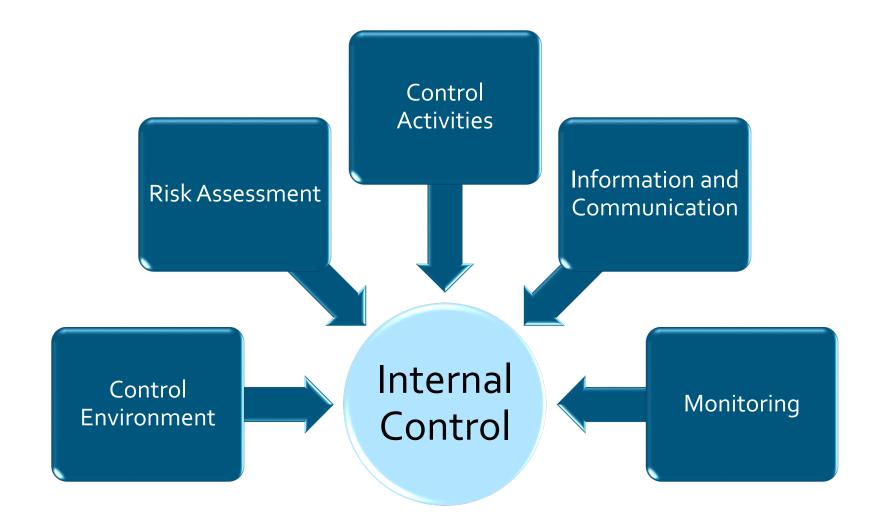
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Detective

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Corrective







Policies and procedures that ensure management directives are carried out

- Top-level reviews
- Operating performance indicators/reviews
- Reconciliations
- Security of assets
- Segregation of duties



- Cash Disbursements what could go wrong?
  - Payments could be made to fictitious vendors
  - Disbursements could be made for the wrong amount
  - Duplicate payments could be made on an invoice
  - Disbursements could be recorded in the wrong period



- Cash Disbursements Examples
- Segregation of duties limiting the involvement that one person has in a process
  - Separate the duties of approving invoices for payment, opening the mail, issuing checks, signing checks, and reconciling the bank statement
- Procurement Cards
  - Should have the same approval processes as regular cash disbursements



- Cash Disbursements Suggestions
  - Invoices should be approved for payment by someone other than the individual who will enter into the accounting software/system
  - Mail should be opened by someone other than the individual who has the ability to create checks
  - All checks should be signed by more than one individual (not a stamp or preprinted)
  - Ideally, bank statements are reconciled by someone without other cash disbursement or cash receipts duties, or at a minimum, reviewed by someone independent of these functions



- O Payroll what could go wrong?
  - Payments could be made to fictitious employees
  - Employees could be paid the incorrect pay rate
  - Employees could be paid for hours not worked



- Payroll Examples
- Segregation of duties limiting the involvement that one person has in a process
  - Employees are required to maintain time sheets, use of a time card, review/authorization of time worked by each employee, signing checks, and reconciling the bank statement



- Payroll Suggestions
  - Have all pay rates be approved by the Board on an annual basis, at a minimum
  - Approval of time sheets/hours worked for each pay period, including all paid time off



- O Cash Receipts what could go wrong?
  - Funds received could be credited to the wrong customer account
  - Cash could be stolen by an employee and not recorded
  - Amounts receivable may never be collected due to failure to follow-up on past due amounts



- Cash Receipts Examples
- Segregation of duties limiting the involvement that one person has in a process
  - Separate the duties of handling cash and making the deposit (recommend a deposit log), entering the deposit into the accounting software/system, and reconciling the bank statement
    - Daily Cash Reports should show revenue by major category
    - The date of receipt and date of deposit should be included



#### Cash Receipts – Suggestions

- Invoices should be approved for payment by someone other than the individual who will enter into the accounting software/system
- Mail should be opened by someone other than the individual who has the ability to create checks.
- All checks should be signed by more than one individual (not a stamp or preprinted)
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